# Bahria Model College E-8 Islamabad

## **Worksheet of Computer**

**Class VII** 

Chapter 1st & 2nd

## **Chapter 1: Hardware Basics**

Q. Fill in the blanks.
i are flat rectangles.
ii. The fan keeps the cool.
iii. The operations a microprocessor performs are called the of processor.
Q1. What is System Unit?
Q2. Name the components of motherboard.

## Q3. Differentiate between the following.

CPU Chip	Floppy Controller	Control Unit (CU)	Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)
Primary Memory	Secondary Memory		

### Q4. Label the different parts of motherboard.



## Q5. Name the following storage media.



### **Chapter 2: Software Basics**

# Q. Fill in the blanks. i. The driver accepts \_\_\_\_\_ from a program and then translates them into specialized commands for the device. ii. Windows configure both \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. iii. To select the single icon, just \_\_\_\_\_\_ it with the left mouse button. iv. The \_\_\_\_\_ is also called the end user application. Q1. How is the Operating System different from the application software? Q2. Explain the functions of Utility Programs.

Q3. Write five functions of windows operating system briefly.		

## Q4. Differentiate between the following.

Multiprogramming	Multiprocessing	Multithreading
	Multiprogramming	Multiprogramming Multiprocessing

Q5. What is Spooling?		

### Bahria Model College Islamabad

Worksheet of class VII English.

### Comprehension (unit 1 to 8)

1. Answer the following questions.

### Part 1

aurpriseu agaii	o surprised when he hit the pale young man the first time? Why was hen the second time?
How did the pack character?	ale young gentleman win Pip's respect? What does this tell you of his
	he pale young gentleman was a good sport? Substantiate your answer
Do you think tl	
Do you think t	

How had Dr.Jekyll's mind been changed?  Do you think Dr.Jekyll ever repented of being Edward Hyde?  What does "the new Tower of Babel" refer to? Who are its chief designers or builders	Wł	nat were the physical differences between Dr. Jekyll and Mr.Hyde?
Do you think Dr.Jekyll ever repented of being Edward Hyde?		
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	Но	w had Dr.Jekyll's mind been changed?
	_	
	_	
What does "the new Tower of Babel" refer to? Who are its chief designers or builders	Do —	you think Dr.Jekyll ever repented of being Edward Hyde?
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	Wł	nat does "the new Tower of Babel" refer to? Who are its chief designers or builders
	_	

_	
	what purposes does the writer imply we should exercise our reasoning powers and easure of choice?
_	
_	
_	
_	
Ge	enerally, how do Florida oranges differ from those grown in California?
_	
_	
_	
Hc	ow can you tell good oranges from bad ones?
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
W	hat is cannibalism? How does the writer say it might have started?

What was able to do	once believed about ginger root and tomatoes? What was each supposed to be?
	on was given for the belief that orange juice and milk should never be drunk at the I? Why is this belief fallacious?
	llacious about the idea that proteins and carbohydrates should never be eaten at meal?
What is fal	

	eliable information about goods important to a customer?
	e the advantages of printed advertisements as compared T.V. or radio ements?
ow do	some advertisements succeed in creating a need?
/hat do	newspapers do before they publish any advertisement?

Part 2		
1.	Give m	neaning of the following as used in the text.
	i.	Exhausted
	ii.	Observation
	iii.	Prowl
	iv.	Retired
	v.	Bloodthirsty
	vi.	Squandering
	vii.	Nicety
	viii.	Dexterity
	ix.	Seconding
	x.	Ailments
	xi.	Agony
	xii.	Banish
	xiii.	Precise
	xiv.	Nauseating
	XV.	Asphyxiation
	xvi.	Novelty
	xvii.	Slight
	xviii.	Unavoidable
	xix.	Selfish ends
	xx.	Expediency
	xxi.	Whirlwind
	xxii.	Torment
	xxiii.	Swings
	xxiv.	At random
	XXV.	Stem the tide
	xxvi.	Ambiguity
	xxvii.	Tension
	xxviii.	Hallmark
	xxix.	Imbibed
	xxx.	Convention
	xxxi.	Bottling things up
	xxxii.	Rat race

xxxiii.	Brainwashing
xxxiv.	Incidental to
xxxv.	Breakthroughs
xxxvi.	Palliatives
xxxvii.	
	Sophisticated
xxxix.	Connoisseurs
xl.	Bulk
xli.	Bans
xlii.	Stringy
xliii.	Fallacy
xliv.	Primitive
xlv.	Cannibals
xlvi.	Advertisement
xlvii.	Hoardings
xlviii.	Safeguard
xlix.	Service
l.	Create
Tick the	e best explanation
. TOR CITO	a descentification
i.	His manner us so final
	<ul><li>a. His behavior was that of a leader</li><li>b. His order put an end to the conversation</li></ul>
	c. The way he said it allowed no contradiction
ii.	Do for me
	<ul><li>a. Show me</li><li>b. Scold me</li></ul>
	c. Defeat me
iii.	My heart failed me
	a. I lost my courage
	<ul><li>b. I could not feel any thing</li><li>c. I grew pale and weak</li></ul>
	c. I grew paic and weak
iv.	How did Pip react to the pale young gentleman's proposal to fight?
	a. He was excited
	b. He was delighted
	<ul><li>c. He was stunned</li><li>d. He was dismayed</li></ul>
	u. TIC WUS UISHIBYCU

- v. How did the pale young gentleman signal the end of the fight?
  - a. He did not get up after the last fall
  - b. He crawled where the sponge was
  - c. He threw up his sponge
  - d. He told that Pip had won
- vi. An anesthesiologist's main concern is to
  - a. Relieve the pain of accident victim
  - b. Treat patients suffering from incurable diseases
  - c. Administer pain relieving drugs
- vii. What actually makes it possible for a surgeon to perform the amazing feats of modern surgery?
  - a. It is the use of machines which are substitutes for body organs.
  - b. It is the drug which block pain and tranquilizers which banish fear
  - c. It is the gases which induce a dreamy sleep or deep unconsciousness
  - d. It is the precise control exercised by the anesthesiologist by means of new instruments and techniques.
- viii. When does the surgeon begin the operation?
  - a. He does so when the patient is calm and relaxed
  - b. He does so when the patient's central nervous system is completely insensitive
  - c. He does so when the patient has lost consciousness
- ix. Dr.Jakyll drank the potion
  - a. Bravely
  - b. Eagerly
  - c. Hesitantly
  - d. carefully
- x. Edward Hyde was younger than Dr. Jekyll because
  - a. He was born later than Dr. Jekyll
  - b. Dr. Jekyll had always been good
  - c. He was evil
  - d. Dr. Jekyll's evil side was less developed
- xi. R.L. Stevenson, by showing physical contrast between Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, was trying to say that
  - a. Evil people look good
  - b. Evil people stay young
  - c. Evil people enjoy life more
  - d. Evil people look ugly
- xii. 'The idea of conservation' has for its objective
  - a. The preservation of wildlife
  - b. The extermination of wildlife
  - c. The study of wildlife
  - d. The hunting of wildlife
- xiii. The use of metaphor 'the whirlwind of technological revolution' hints at
  - a. The speed at which it is taking place

- b. The confusion it has brought in its wake
- c. Technology's destructive capability
- d. All of above

#### xiv. What course of action does the writer advocate for mankind?

- a. We should increase our speed of adaptation to match the acceleration of the rate of change.
- b. We should make few discoveries in the material world
- c. We should identify something in ourselves which cannot be influenced by technological change
- d. We should develop our reasoning power to full potential
- xv. What is the main reason eating oranges are not used for juice?
  - a. They are not juicy
  - b. They are sweeter
  - c. They are less cheap
  - d. They are pulpy and have few seeds
- xvi. Florida oranges probably appeal more to the average American because
  - a. He finds them easier to eat
  - b. He likes the bitter-sweet flavor
  - c. They are sweet in the way he like
  - d. They contain more vitamin C
- xvii. The writer thinks that cannibalism may have started from the belief
  - a. It was brave to eat one's enemies
  - b. That one would be brave if one ate enemies who were brave
  - c. That one would have magical powers if one ate enemies who were brave
  - d. That one would fleet like a deer if one ate deer meat
- xviii. It is fallacious to think that water should not be drunk with meals because water
  - a. Is a good substitute for chewing
  - b. Goes well with food
  - c. Helps in digestion of food
  - d. Is an essential liquid for body
- xix. Advertisements can be useful
  - a. If they give accurate information about goods
  - b. If they tell customers what to buy
  - c. Is they tell the customers only the merits of goods
  - d. If they tell customers what goods are not available in the shop
- xx. Which of the following statement is true about advertisement?
  - a. All advertising firms do not care to convey the truth about the goods they advertise
  - b. Most advertising firms make sure that advertisements do not make sure advertisements do not properly deceive
  - c. All advertising firms only care to make money as advertising is a very big business
  - d. Advertising firms are responsible for the customers' choice of goods

	i.	With strong glo	With strong glow of courage					
	ii.	The bonds of c	obligation					
	iii.		my original evil					
iv. Night was far gone into morning								
	v. Their unsleeping vigilance							
	vi. A stranger in my own house							
	vii.	Nine-tenth a li	fe of efforts, virt	ue and control				
Part 3								
1.	Write	the synonyms of	f the given words	S				
		Word		Synonym				
	i.	Racking						
	ii.	Novelty						
	iii.	Stature						
	iv.	Robust						
	٧.	Countenance						
	vi.	Imprint						
	vii.	Idol						
	viii.	Reasonable						
	ix.	Room						
	х.	Concern						
	xi.	True						

3. Explain the phrases as used in the text

Refuge

xii.

	XIII.	Compensate	
	xiv.	Depressing	
	XV.	Upbraid	
	xvi.	Pernicious	
	xvii.	Grueling	
		Unrelenting	
	xix.	Abatement	
	XX.	Clatter	
	70	S. acce.	
2.	Use t	he following word	s in you sentences
		Word	Sentence
	i.	Stature	
	ii.	Height	
	iii.	Vigilance	
	iv.	Watchfulness	
	٧.	Lethal	
		D ili	
	vi.	Deadly	
	vii.	Idol	
	viii.	Image	
	is.	Dieteste	
	ix.	Distaste	

х.	Dislike	
xi.	Service	
xii.	Advertisements _	
xiii.	Claims	
xiv.	Mislead	
XV.	Hoarding	
xvi.	Recommended _	
xvii.	Weakness	
xviii.	Business	
xix.	Safeguard	
xx.	Create	
Subs	titute the phrases with a sing Phrases	gle word having same meaning.  Single word substitution
i.	Quick moving	
ii.	People who eat human fl	esh
iii.	Refined	
iv.	Replacement	

	٧.	Basis				
	vi.	To form into lumps				
	vii.	Difficult to dissolve in stomach				
	viii.	Body building substance in food				
	ix.	Starchy food				
	х.	Silly				
<u>Gramn</u>	nar (unit	1 to 8)				
1.	Fill in th	ne blanks with who, whom, whose, which, or that				
	i.	Here is the pen you lent me.				
	ii.	We have not met the family lives next door.				
	iii.	Have you forgotten all I told you.				
	iv.	Children parents are dead are called orphans.				
	v.	Mr. khan is the person the committee voted chairman.				
2.	Join the	the sentences using correct <b>relative pronoun</b> .				
	i.	This is the computer. I enjoy his music.				
	ii.	This book is not useful. He recommended it.				
	iii.	All the neighbors came. I had invited them.				
	••••					
	iv.	This is car. It won the race.				
	٧.	These are the books. I selected them.				
3.	State if	the highlighted words are Concrete, Abstract & Collective nouns				
	i.	He was filled with <b>joy</b> when he reunited with his <b>family.</b>				

	ii.	Jim was distressed by his <b>failure</b> to hit the <b>ball.</b>					
	iii.	We recommended her for her <b>honesty</b> and <b>diligence.</b>					
	iv.	Our <b>expenditure</b> on <b>f</b>	ood is very high.				
4.	Form	Abstract Nouns from Ac	ljectives				
		Adjective	Abstract Noun				
	i.	Kind					
	ii.	Sincere					
	iii.	Cruel					
	iv.	False					
5.	Form	Abstract Nouns from Ve	erbs				
		Verb	Abstract Noun				
	i.	Think					
	ii.	Succeed					
	iii.	Combine					
	iv.	Free					
6.	Fill in	the blank with abstract	noun				
	i.	The taximan was prai	sed for his (honest) in returning the wall	let.			
	ii.	I believe in the prison	er's (innocent).				
	iii.	King Solomon was no	ted for his (wise).				
	iv.	The boy told his teach	ner the (true).				
7.	State	whether the highlighted	l words are reflective or emphatic pronoun				
	i.	Only those who help	themselves will succeed (	)			
	ii.	She had to do the spr	ing cleaning herself. (	)			
	iii.	The maid excused <b>he</b>	rself and left. (	)			
	iv	Are you able to opera	te the machine vourself?	١			

	i.	The children organized the party.
	ii.	You boys must learn to take care of
	iii.	The cat curled up on the rug.
	iv.	Few people blame if things go wrong.
9.	Pick ou	t the indefinite pronouns from the sentences below.
	i.	These oranges are sweet and juicy. Would you like some?
	ii.	Here are the cakes. You asked for ten.
	iii.	You may take several of those.
	iv.	Anyone can make a mistake.
10	Ctata	
10.	State w	hether the highlighted word is a definite pronoun or definite adjective
	i.	Each has to make a speech.
	ii.	Each student has a free ticket.
	iii.	None is ready yet.
	iv.	One new teacher has joined the staff.
	٧.	All had their turn.
	vi.	Let us visit <b>some</b> interesting sights.
11.	Use art	cicles properly. Mark (X) in sentences that do not require articles.
	i.	Tin is useful metal.
	ii.	
	iii.	Philips wants to be engineer when he grows up.  The bridge is made of wood.
	iv.	I have not decided whether to attend lunch tomorrow.
	v.	dinner is ready.
	v.	unifier is ready.
12.	Change	the statements first into negative and then into question using do, did & does
	i.	They played soccer after the school.
		Negative:
		Question:
	ii.	He always studies hard.
		Negative:
		Question

8. Fill in the blank with correct reflexive or emphatic pronoun

	iii.	She took a taxi to work.
		Negative:
		Question:
	iv.	The American astronauts walked on the moon.
		Negative:
		Question:
13.	_	the sentences into negative form by first using the main verb and then the auxiliaries dare, used)
	i.	He needs to be careful in his work.
	ii.	The students need to come in uniform.
	iii.	You need to be able to type.
	iv.	I need to rewrite my essay.
	V.	You need to plan ahead.
14.	Use co	rrect form of verbs (main and helping: is, am, are, do, does, has, have)
	i.	My father not like fish.
	ii.	They eaten up all the food.
	iii.	She waiting for the instructions.
	iv.	The students not talk while the teacher is teaching.
	v.	How may students absent today?
	vi.	The heavy rain flooded may parts of the island.
	vii.	Mr. Kimball the firm.

	ix.	Neither William nor his brother to run the family business.
	х.	Some cake or two slices of bread for me.
Vocabi	ulary any	d Usage (unit 1 to 8)
VOCADI	ulai y alik	u Osage (umt 1 to a)
1.	Form a	djectives of the following words and then use the adjectives in the sentences.
	i.	Price
		Adjective:
		Sentence:
	ii.	Name
		Adjective:
		Sentence:
	iii.	Time
		Adjective:
		Sentence:
	iv.	Child
		Adjective:
		Sentence:
	٧.	Father
		Adjective:
		Sentence:
	vi.	Home
		Adjective:
		Sentence:
2.	Write t	the antonyms of the words and use both the word and the antonym in sentences.
	i.	Severe
		Antonym:
		Sentence:
		Sentence:
	ii.	Defend
		Antonym:
		Sentence:
		Sentence:
	iii.	Special
		Antonym:
		Sentence:

Tables and Chairs \_\_\_\_\_ place against the wall.

viii.

	Sentence:	
iv.	Cease	
	Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
V.	Relieved	
	Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
vi.	Summit	
	Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
vii.	Confidence	
	Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
viii.	Delight Antonym:	
	Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
:	Chromoth	
ix.	Strength Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
х.	Core	
Λ.	Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	
xi.	Cheerful Antonym:	
	Sentence:	
	Sentence:	

	xii.	Overbearing Antonym:
		Sentence:
		Sentence:
	xiii.	Progress Antonym:
		Sentence:
		Sentence:
3.	Form r	nouns form the words and use the nouns in sentences
	i.	Discover Noun:
		Sentence:
	ii.	Wide Noun:
		Sentence:
	iii.	Imagine Noun:
		Sentence:
	iv.	Suppose Noun:
		Sentence:
	v.	Measure Noun:
		Sentence:
	vi.	Affect Noun:
		Sentence:
	vii.	Safe Noun:
		Sentence:
	viii.	Complete Noun:
		Sentence:

ix.	Eager Noun:
	Sentence:
х.	Civilize
	Noun: Sentence:
xi.	Magical Noun:
	Sentence:
xii.	False Noun:
	Sentence:
xiii.	Truth Noun:
	Sentence:
xiv.	Meet Noun:
	Sentence:
XV.	contain Noun:
	Sentence:
Fill in t	he blank with correct word & verb.
i.	My uncle is a man.
	<ul><li>a. Cheer</li><li>b. Cheering</li></ul>
	c. Cheerful
ii.	The soldier was commended for his in war.
	a. Bravery
	b. Brave c. Bravely
iii.	The police discovered a body in the bush.
	<ul><li>a. Deadly</li><li>b. Deaden</li></ul>

c. dead

iv.	She bears no		_ towards tho	se who ill-trea	ted her.	
	<ul><li>a. Bitter</li><li>b. Bitterness</li><li>c. Bitterly</li></ul>					
v.	The doctor told the	e patient to		on the couch f	or an examina	tion
	a. Lie b. Lay c. lain					
vi.	After I	the tab	lecloth, I plac	ed a vase of fl	owers on it.	
	<ul><li>a. Had lain</li><li>b. Had laid</li><li>c. Had lied</li></ul>					
vii.	Today's mail is		on the tab	le in the living	room.	
	a. Laying					
	b. Lying c. lain					
viii.	He	on the floor	and fell aslee	0.		
	a. Lied					
	b. Lay c. laid					
ix.	The bird flies away	after it	its	eggs in the ne	st.	
	a. Has lain					
	<ul><li>b. Has laid</li><li>c. Has lied</li></ul>					
х.						
	Mr. Goodman, a lo	ocal business ty	ycoon, is repu	ited to be a		donor.
	a. Helpful					
	<ul><li>b. Plentiful</li><li>c. Generous</li></ul>					
	d. Bountiful					
xi.	Her	counten:	ance helieve t	he grief she fe	alt when she he	ard the tragic
XI.	news.	countent	ance believe (	ine grier site re	it when she he	ara the trugic
	a. Serene					
	b. Blank					
	c. Expressive					
	d. Gloomy					

	xii.	We are	_ to be prosecuted if we trespass on this property.
		a. Possible	
		b. Liable	
		c. Able	
		d. positive	
	xiii.	I trust in his judgement	because he is a person.
		a. Friendly	
		b. Careful	
		c. Critical	
		d. Crafty	
	xiv.	Weh	is offer to help because he is not a careful person.
		a. Discarded	
		b. Reject	
		c. Deny	
		d. Refute	
	xv.	People have a	to follow the crowd.
		a. Tendency	
		b. Desire	
		c. Wish	
		d. Capability	
5.	Choose	se the correct word for the	sentences
٥.	i.		the matter before we make a decision. (dissect , discuss)
	ii.		r-dress party as Cinderella.
		(disguised , dressed)	. ,
	iii.	The industrialist refused	the factory head in spite of the latter's
		may misdeeds. (dismiss	, expel)
	iv.	They were told not to _	the written instructions. (reject , disregard)
	٧.	The hostess	sweets to the children. (distributed , divided)
	vi.		your friend to take part in the tournament.
		(encourage, engage)	
	vii.		the help of so many students at one time.
		(enlist , employ)	
	viii.		the writing on the board. (erase , eradicate)
	ix.		from the club because he was not of age.
	x.	(excused , excluded) The district council inter	nds to this road. (extend, expand)
6.	Use th	ne following pair of words	in sentences
0.			
	i.	Say:	
		Tall	
		1611.	

ii.	Bring:
	Taka
	Take:
iii.	Famous:
	Popular:
iv.	Loan:
	Debt:
٧.	Rob:
	Steal:
vi.	Fall:
	Drop:
Replace	e the highlighted words with as single word similar in meaning and rewrite the sentence.
i.	Women like clothes that are in fashion.
ii.	Peter passed a <b>night without a sleep</b> in the hotel.
iii.	My aged grandmother is <b>in good health</b> .

iv.	Mr. Lingam is <b>a person of influence</b> in the community.
v.	My friends bought me a watch of great expense for my birthday.
vi.	The robber and his <b>partner in crime</b> were caught the next day.
vii.	As a <b>person who buys and sells</b> , he makes more money than his brother, who is an engineer.
viii.	His leader will not forgive him for his <b>foolish mistake</b> .
ix.	The absolute ruler was <b>overthrown</b> in a bloodless coup.
х.	Four men were involved in a <b>noisy quarrel</b> which disturbed the quiet neighborhood.
Re-wri	te the sentence leaving unnecessary words.
i.	There was a concert in the school on the last day at the end of the term.
ii.	You must report to the officer-in-charge immediately now.
iii.	The young man is unemployed and not working.
iv.	He stole a book which did not belong to him from the school library.

	v.	The teacher told me to continue reading and not to stop until I reached the end of first chapter.
	vi.	You must emphasize and stress the importance of punctuality.
	vii.	The boys experimented and tried out new methods.
	viii.	To conclude the meeting, the chairman ended by appealing for more members.
9.	Explain i.	the difference of highlighted words used in sentences below.  There are <b>people</b> who are poor and hungry all over the world
		May primitive <b>peoples</b> practiced cannibalism in the past.
	ii.	I would rather pay for <b>quality</b> than for quantity.
		His good <b>qualities</b> won him may friends.
	iii.	He was so deep in <b>thought</b> he was unaware of our presence.
		He would not reveal his <b>thoughts</b> to us although we pressed him.
	iv.	In the fierce battle that followed, the <b>enemy</b> was routed.

		He made many <b>enemies</b> becaus	se he was hash and mean.
	v.	The manager has the <b>power</b> to	sack his staff.
		The believed the old woman ha	d magical <b>powers</b> .
	vi.	Singapore has a population of to	wo and a half <b>million</b> .
		The company invested <b>millions</b>	of dollars in this country.
10.	. Pick o	out and write the word that does n	ot belong to the list.
	i.	Enemy, foe, opponent, adversa	
	ii.	Polite, courteous, haughty, galla	
	iii.	Public, people, masses, populac	
	iv.		lage, commune.
	V.	Exhausted, lazy, fatigued, tired,	
	vi.	Insignificant, tiny, puny, small, I	
	vii.		cott, discreet.
11.	. Comp	plete each expression with correct	collective noun.
	i.	Α	of musicians
	ii.	Α	of cubs.
	iii.	A	of sailors.
	iv.	A	of diamonds.
	٧.	A	of birds.
	vi.	Α	of books.
	vii.	Α	of grass
	viii	٨	of rabbits

days.		
•		
<del>-</del>	 	 



pick and drop.		
 	 <del></del>	

## BAHRIA COLLEGE ISLAMABAD

## **WORK SHEETS**

## GENERAL SCIENCE

**CLASS VII** 

MISS IQRA AKRAM MRS GHAZALA SEHAR

#### FIRST TERM SYLLABUS

**UNIT 9: Elements** 

**UNIT 10: Compounds or Mixtures** 

**UNIT 11: Separating Mixtures** 

**UNIT 12: Air Pollution** 

Note: fill these all worksheet after reading lessons mentioned above and learn by heart.

**UNIT 9: Element** 

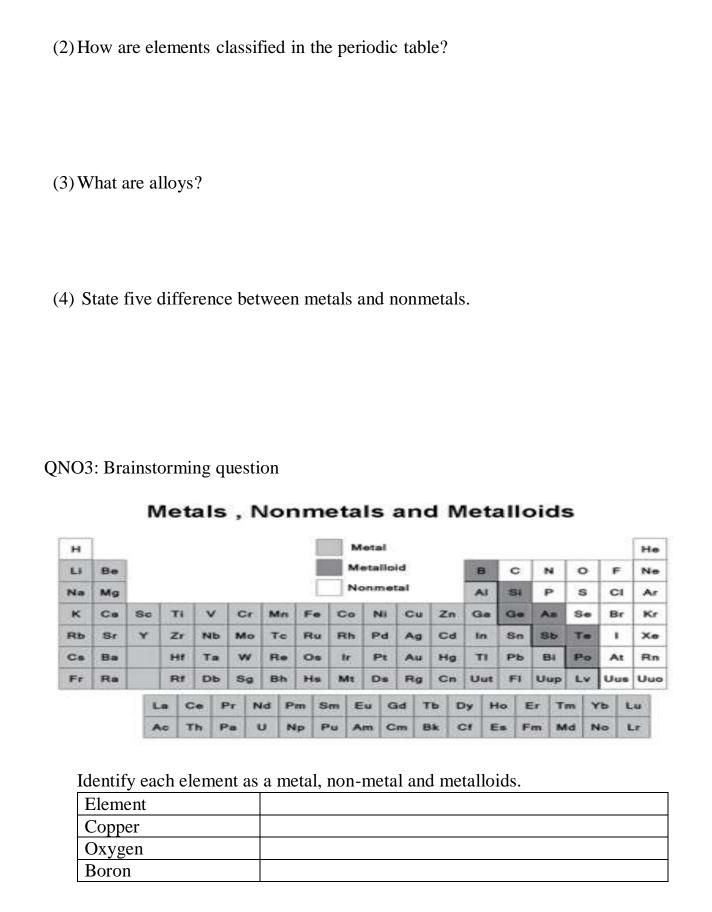
## The simplest kind of Matter

### **SECTION A: Multiple- Choice questions**

Choose the most suitable answer and write the corresponding letter (a, b, c or d) in the brackets provided.

1.				
2.	is a sub	stance which can	not be split into	two or more simple
	substances.			
	a. Element	b. compound	c. atom	d. molecule
3.	The most abundan	t element in the ι	iniverse are	·
	a. Hydrogen & he	elium b.	hydrogen& oxy	/gen
	c. helium &oxyger	d. h	ydrogen & nitro	ogen

3. which of the	e following ele	ment is non	-malleable	2?
a. copper	b. Sulphur	c. calc	ium	d. Aluminium
4. which of the	following met	tals is a liqu	id at room	temperature?
a. silver	b. lead	c. merci	ıry d.	sodium
5. silver can rep	place copper in	n wires beca	use silver	is also
a. strong	b. electrical	conductor	c. shiny	d. heat conductor
6. what is the p	ercentage of so	odium in the	earth's c	rust?
a. 7%	b. 5%	c. 2%	d. 3%	
7. The most re	eactive metal is	s:		
a. Iron	b. Gold	c. Zin	c d	l. Potassium.
8. Non-metals a. liquids	•	c. solic	ls and gas	es d. gases and liquids.
<b>9.</b> The metal was a. Phosph				ım d. chlorine
10. The non-na. Carbon		-	_	ature is: d. chlorine
11. Materials a. Elements c. acids and	s and compour		b. Met	als and non-metals e of these.
12. All metals a. Sodium	are solids exc b. calcium	•	ercury	d. hydrogen.
13. Metal oxida. Acidic	des are of natu b. basic		eutral	d. all of these
QNO2: Short	Question ans	wer:		
(1) What is ele	ement? write f	ive things w	hich are r	made up of elements.



Potassium	
Silicon	
Helium	
Aluminium	
Hydrogen	
Calcium	

QNO4: write three uses of following:

METALS:

COPPER	STEEL	TIN

#### NON METALS:

SULPHUR	HYDROGEN	NITROGEN

## **UNIT 10: Compounds or Mixtures**

## **SECTION A: Multiple- Choice questions**

Choose the most suitable answer and write the corresponding letter (a, b, c or d) in the brackets provided.

1. When two compounds	are chemically	combined, they will form	1
a. An element	b. a mixture	c. a compound	d. an alloy
2. Mixtures can exist as		_·	
a. Liquid or gases	b. gases only	c. liquid only d. solids	, liquids or gases
3. Which of the following	g compound is n	nade up of carbon, hydro	gen and oxygen?
a. Carbon dioxide	b. calcium	c. sugar d. sea wat	er
4. Which of the following	g is not an elem	ent?	
a. Water	b. hydrogen	c. carbon d. oxyg	en
5. How would you classi	fy the color of a	rose?	
a. chemical change	e b. pl	nysical property	
c. physical change	d. c	hemical property	
6. Matter is defined as an	ything that has_	·	
a. force & motion	b. mass & we	eight c. only weight	d. none
7. Compounds are made	from the atoms of	of two or more	
a. solutions	b. carbon c.	mixtures d. elements	
3. A room full of smoke	is an example of	what kind of substance?	•
a. colloid	b. compound o	e. suspension d. solution	
9. Which of the following	is NOT a mixtu	re?	
a. salt water	b. water sugar	c. meal muddy d.	meal salt
10. The scattering of light	by colloids is c	alled	
a. solution	b. solvent	c. suspension d	l. mixture
11. Fruit salad is what kin	nd of substance?		
a. heterogeneous mixtur	e b. solution	c. suspension d. homoge	neous mixture
12. A type of matter with	a fixed composi	tion?	

	a. pure	b. substance	c. element	d. colloid
QN	IO2: Short Q	Question-Answer	ĵ	
		difference betwents and compou		
	b. comp	ounds and mixtu	ares	
	(2) why air i	s a mixture? Ex	plain	
	(3) complete	e the following t	able whether t	he following substances are mixture
	or compo			
	Ice			
	Salt solu	ution		
	Bronze			
	Ammon	ia gas		

QNO3: Brainstorming Question

#### (1) Match each definition to the correct term

1.	A mixture of substances that are not evenly distributed.	A.	Alloy
2.	The place where all elements known to man are listed.	B.	Atom
3.	Small particles distributed but do not fully dissolve in the substance.	C.	Chemical
4.	A mixture of substances evenly distributed such as air or salt water.	D.	Colloid
5.	Mixtures can be separated using this method.	E.	Compound
6.	They are made up of atoms and elements.	F.	Element
7.	Made up of 2 or more different elements joined by chemical bonds.	G.	Heterogeneous
8.	Everything is made of this.	H.	Homogenous
9.	Substances that make up molecules	I.	Matter
10.	One substance dissolves into another in this type of mixture	J.	Mixture
11.	A pure substance that cannot be separated physically or chemically.	K.	Molecules
12.	Solid particles do not dissolve and may sink to the bottom.	L.	Periodic table
13.	Compounds can be separated using this type of reaction.	M.	Physical
14.	Made up of molecules and atoms, can be a solid, liquid, or gas.	N.	Solution
15.	A mixture of elements that has the characteristics of a metal.	O.	Suspension

## **UNIT 11: Separating Mixtures**

#### Choose the correct answer given below: -

I.	The physical	method for separ	rating mixture are	
	A-2	B-4	C-5	D-3
II.	Chalk and w	ater suspension ca	an be separated by	y
	A-Funnel	<b>B-Stainer</b>	C-Wire gauze	D-Filter paper
III.	The process i	in which liquid ch	anges into vapors	is called
	A-Filtration	<b>B-Evaporation</b>	C-Distillation	<b>D-Crystallizations</b>
IV.	Crystallizatio	ons is used to sepa	rate a soluble soli	d that on heating
	A- Evaporate	B- Decompose	C-Melt	<b>D- Condense</b>
V.	The vapors an	re cooled and con	dense into liquid c	called.
	A- Distillate	B-Filtrate	C- Residue	<b>D-</b> Crystal
VI.	Fractional dis	tillation is used to	separate differen	at colored components of dyes
	and inks is cal	led		
	A- Crystalliza	tions B-Distillatio	on C-Chromatogi	raphy D-Evaporation
VII.	The fraction ol	btained from petr	ol at 170 C <sup>0</sup>	
	A- Diesel	B-Kerosene oil	C-Gasoline	D-Naphtha
VIII.	The method of	f separating mixtu	re which is more	expensive and requires a lot of
	energy is			
	A- Chromatog	graphy- Filtration	C-Distillation D-	Crystallizations
IX.	The insoluble	solid particles tra	pped in filter-pap	er are called
	A-Filtrate	<b>B-Residue</b>	<b>C- Sediments</b>	<b>D-Crystals</b>
X.,	The country w	vhich get pure wa	ter by distillation	process is
	A-Pakistan	B-Saudi Arabia	C- Iran	D-UAE
		SEC	CTION(B)	

#### Write short answers of the questions given below:

I. What do you know about fractional distillations and its use?

II.	Mention the layer's names in water purification plants?
11.	Wiention the layer's names in water purification plants:
	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
III.	How can sugar crystallized from its solutions?

## SECTION---(C)

### Q. Answer the question in one word: -

Chron	natography is used for	
Distill	ation is used for.	
When	sugar is heated change its.	
Chalk	and dust can be separated by	
	roduct form by heating plant ial extracting oil is called	
	SECTION	ON. (D)
Q: <u>Fil</u>	l in the blanks.	
I.	is separated into d	ifferent types of oil by fractional distillation.
II.	In chromatography	are formed different component.
III.	When the vapors is cooled, it turns	in to a
	and collect as	
IV.	A salt solution can be separated by _	
V.	Funnel is used in lab with	to separate a mixture sand soil.

#### **UNIT 12: Air Pollution**

#### Choose the correct answer given below: -I. Air contains different gases so it is a A-Mixture **B-Compound** C-Element **D-Substance** II. Rust is formed by reaction of Oxygen with C-Zinc **D-Sodium** A-Iron **B-Copper** III. Air causes changes in weather and provide a medium to travel A-Heat **B-Sound** C-X-rays **D-Vapors** When we breathe we reduce the amount of oxygen and increase the amount of IV. A- Co B- No2 C- C<sub>02</sub> **D- So<sub>2</sub>** V. Different gasses boil off from the liquid at different temperatures because they have different **A- Melting Point b. Boiling Point** C- Densities **D-Specific heat** VI. Our earth is surrounded by a thick layer of air called **A-Environment B-Atmosphere C-Space D-Ozone** VII. The gas which help in burning process is A- Nitrogen C-Carbon Dioxide D-Sulphur **B-Oxygen** VIII. The lime water turns milky by passing Co<sub>2</sub> due to formation of A- CaHCo<sub>3</sub> B- CaCo<sub>3</sub> C- Cao D- Cacl<sub>2</sub> IX. Which one has high density than air A- Nitrogen **B-Oxygen** C-Carbon Dioxide D-Noble gases X. Carbon dioxide is used to make food in the process called **B-Photosynthesis- Combustion** A-Respiration **D-None of these**

SECTION---(B)

#### Write short answers of the questions given below:

I. Write the percentages of different gases in air?

Oxygen			
Noble gas			
Carbon dioxide			
I. Why do we feel s	ticky on humid day?		
II. Mention tempera	ature for separation o	f gases in fractional	distillation of air.
Nitrogen			
Oxygen			
Oxygen  Argon  Krypton			
Argon Krypton	ication test of Carbon	dioxide?	
Argon Krypton	ication test of Carbon	dioxide?	

## SECTION---(C)

Q. Ans	wer the question in one word: -
I. Co	ompressed air is used to work
II. Mo	oving air called wind is used to move the
III. Th	ne safety device in car to save lives in accident is
IV. Aı	nice sound is produced when air blown into a
	SECTION. (D)
Fill in	the blanks:
V.	The space suit controls the of astronaut's body.
II.	Astronauts talk to each other on moon via
III.	In the space Astronauts should take gas for breathing.
IV.	Argon, Helium, Neon are called gases.
VI. VII.	Petrol burns in oxygen to from and  Iron combines with oxygen to from
	Checked by:
	COUD LUCK

Islamfal رسولوں پیرامان ررست حواب کا انتیا*ب ک* i- توصيير ايان لان كاما توسا توسي جيز برايان لانا ے میں دیاکس نے بائلی کمی ؟ المعنى الم المعنى المعنى المعنى المعنى والمعرب د) فسرسلی اس علی ولم Zo1 157 U ۱iv انبیادادرسل کس سے ماک مو قیس ۶ ر) فراكض (8 di (8. olive ) 1211 ١١٧١ وين اسيام كي لس جيزين عصر لس الساعت ب تعلم ج المحى iii) عتم نبوت كيغيركوتي شخص نيس بو 1) ren ) melli . 5) mold ال حفرت الرائم الله المعرفة ال 52 W Gar 8 Jan X ال تم اطامت کرو ب ایم اطاعت کرس ج) و د اطاعت کرس م اطاعت کرون میں

سوالات کے جوابات المیں ۔ ۱- رسول سے کیامراد ہے؟
از رسول سے کیامراد ہے؟
ii اطاعت كموضوع بر آيت ادراسكا ترجم للعب
soubelisealur :ii
selvicient culus -iv
Selvices & Culus -iv
الم ختم نبوت سے سامرار ہے؟
- Cred 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16

## اسلام ميس عبار كالصور روس جواب كا انتجاب كريس i- عبارت کا معنی کیا ہے ؟ ل بندگی ب نطف ت) زندگی ii- كسب الحلال كامعنى كياسه > العملال كهاما ب حلال كافي ٥٠ كافي د تجارت أأز الله كي بمنهرين مخلوق كون سے ؟ <u> ل خرشیت ب بی انسیان جی حیوان دا آسمان</u> vi- برمزیب میں کس چیز کا لھور موجو رہے؟ ل سارت ب میوزک ج اساه د کوئی نسین ٧- رزق حلال کی تلاش نیکی کے سیاتھ ساتھ اور کیاہے؟ العادت ب فرض ج) زمرداری داخور غرضی in ماتیا الیتین میں لیتین سے سامرارہے؟ ا) سیم ب جموط جماییر بمیزگاری را موت iiv\_ را سن سے تعلیف دہ جیز کا بڑا نا ر) صریع ب انیکی ہے ج افرض أأنهد بيدائش كاعتصد كيابي ؟ 1) sh 12. 14(2) ل) سام د ب سر ح) دیاس د) تین ا) صرقب س زلونے ج اور ہے در الرام سے

جوامات مکمس - نا-عمارت سے تیامبرارہے؟
ره الماري مع أمام الماري عن الماري عن الماري الم
ii- ایمان کی متباخوں کے بارے میں نبی صلی تشہیم کافرمان تیاہے؟
iii- عبادت كے مارے میں قرآنی آیت اور اسكا ترجمہ لکمیں ۔
۱۰ - اسلام عبادت کاکیا تعبورسیش کرتاہے؟
EV/ J-JJ VI
٧- انسانی ضرورتین کس طرح عبادت کادرجه حاص کرلیتی میں ؟

ررسن حواب كاانتياب كرس <u>i- بنوخنز اعبرکس کے حلیف بنے ؟</u> ل) ابل مک بابل مکرورینه جرابل مرینه ii ۔ فتح مکہ کس ہمری میں سوا ؟ ل ه بخری ب ۱ و بخری حا ۱۵ بخری ززر- صلح عديبسرك سواء لا) فتح مكرسه، سل ب افتح مكم كے لجد ج) غنروء بدركے دن د) نماز كے وقت ix عام معافى كا اعلان بيا ب تيا كيا ؟ ال مرینه میں ب خیبر میں ج) تبول میں ٧- فتح مسكم كى موقعه بيركون اسسلام لاما ؟ ال الوجيل ب الوسفيان ج) الوخراعم ر) الودرداء ابر فتح مک کاکی تاریخ کیا ہے؟ ل) ١٥ رمضان ب ١١ رمضان ج) ١٥ شوال زر - 'فق آگیا اور ماطل مٹ گیا'' کیا ہے؟ لا الم من اعدمت جماليت كاترجم د) قول ننزر فتح مسكم كے دنت مسلمانوں كا ليٹزركون تھا؟ ال حضر فيملى الله الله بي حضرت الوكورة ج احضرت عراط بن نع کر کا شمارکس میں ہوتا ہے؟ ل عنروه ب بنگ ۲۰ لردائی کے سکے سے ہیلے کنال کے سیامنے کتنی شرطیس رکھی گئیں 5(2. 410 3-1

(12)
بوامات المعين
نزه ننه مرک به کران به تریست میری
ii- ننج مسكه مديم كيما اخلاتي سيق مدتا ہد؟
iii - قرمیش مسکه نے بنو بسر کے ساتھ مل کر نسی نقصان, بنیایا؟
ن - فیچ مکیر کے اسسال میرعام اثرات مرتب ہوئے، کوئی سے نین افرات توریر کریں -
افرات فرمیرئری -
٧- فنح مكم كرمتعلق چنزار جه لكيس -

غزوهمنين ررس واسكا نتخاب كرس i-واری هنس کوکراکستی بیر ۲ الطائف بالعاس جامد راتبوك ii - غنروه حنين مين كن مسلمان سمامل مع؟ 14,000 () 12,000 (7: 10,000 () iii\_ غنروه حنین می کنار کی تعدار کثنی تھی؟ 6,000 (Z: 5,000 () 4,000 () iv - مسلمان کس کی آوازسن کیرمیدان جیاد کی طرف والیس ملط ؟ ل حضرت الوبكر ب حفرت عرب ح بحضرت عباس د احفرت الح ٧- حصنورصلی الله علیہ در لم کی رضاعی مین کا نام کیا تھا ؟ ل علیم ما ام یانی ع ام حسیم ر شیما الا مانك س عوف كس تبيل كالله تعل ل) ہوازن ب کبر ج خزاعہ د) آخلب iiv - مسلمانون ك خلاف قبيله بيوازن كاسما توكس نے دما؟ ل تسلیه بنوتغیف ب انسیله بنوفرلیظه ج) تسیله بنو بکر را بنوخنراعه نزد- غزوه صنین می شرانداز کیان جھید تع ا الى بهارك بيع ن درختون س ج وارى س داگهانى س xi \_ غنروه حنین کس تاریخ کوبسش آ یا؟ لا) هشوال ب ومثوال ج اها قيم د) ١١ ذي الجيم x - غنر وه صنین کے وقت بنی صلی اللہ علیہ دلم کیاں موجود تھے؟ ال مكرس العربنيس جماعة مندسي دور د اخيريس

جواب تحریر کریں ا۔ غنزوہ حنیل نیوں ہسٹ آیا ؟

زرعنزوه حنین میں کیا دافعات ہیش آئے؟

أنه عنزوه حنین کوکی سے شن افرات بیان کریں

ع عنزوه چنین سے سامبی علیا ہے؟ ۱۷۔ عنزوه چنین سے سامبی علیا ہے؟

٧- مسلمان كن حالات ميس تع جب عنز وه حنين بسيش أيا؟

# اخلاق وأداب

سخاوت كي فضرات أو ربحل في مارونت
<u>سخاوت کی فضرات اور بخل کی منزمت</u> در سرت جواب کا انتخاب کرین
ز - البركاكيامعنى سے؟
(5/21) (5/2/17. (4)
() برلت بن ایمی بی بی بی بی بی بی بی از می اینوں کی برای بی
۵) مال س) رشته دارول کی .ح) دوستوں کی را اپنوں کی اپنوں کی استوں کی استوں کی اینوں کی اپنوں کی انتقاد الروں کی ا
نن بخارک زوا ہے کو اور کما کہتے ہیں؟
زز- بخل کرنے والے کو اور کیا کہتے ہیں؟ لا) گنٹوس ب سنی ج) مقیم د) مسکس
,
المنازخ الأدام المنازخ
الماري سوكرا بيؤهن عرب المراهن
ال حت سخاوت سے 'یما بڑھئی ہیں؟ سخاوت سے 'یما بڑھئی ہیں؟ ال میش ب انفرش ج اخوشیاں داکوئی نہیں
in i
الد عل المنظم و من المنظم الله على الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
انه- في تنالوا البركس سورة مين سے!
البترة برس ورو عن جان د) البترة لم) نساء ب) لغمان ٢٠ العران د) البترة
The Character of the Ch
الله سی کس کے قریب ہوتا ہے؟
W)-1
بزر سخارت انسان بی ایک ماری سخاری در انسان بی اخلاق در برائی -
E C > Le U
النان العراق العراق عن العراف المعالية - x
The Advance of the Community of the Comm
P19

جواب لکعیں۔
جواب لکھیں۔ ز ۔ سخاوت کا منبی میان کریں۔
از بخل سے کیام ازم ہے۔
ننز سخاوت کے کوئی سے تین خائدے تکھیں ۔
عند بخل كوئي سوتين فقعا نات المعين - انه المعان المعين المعان المعين المعان ال
2
٧۔ سخاوت کرموضوع برانگ آیت اور اسکا ترجم للمیں
iv. کل کرموضوع ہمرایک آئیت اور اسکا ترجمالیس ۔

و مشابیراسلام
حضرت عالمتنسر ضي الشيخا
ز- حضرت عائشه خ نے مع می انتظام کو سرائھ کتے سال فزارے ؟
ال ال الله على الله على الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
ا) ٥٥ برار ب١٥٠ برار ١٥٠ برار ١١٧ لاه
iii_حفیرے بمائستان کا انتقال کی مواہ
هر ۱۲ رمفیان س۱۱۹ درمفیان ۱۹۱۰ درمفیان ۱۹۱۰ درمفیان
۱۷ _ انتقال کے وقت حضیرت عالمُتَریخ کیما تھی ؟
- Uhr 7517 Uhr 70(2: Uhr 66(4) Uhr 63(1)
۷۔ حضرت عما فستیہ خوا کا نسکھا تھ کیا ہے کہ ہوا ؟
(١٥١١م ع) ١٥١٥ نوي ١٥١٥ نوي داه نبوي
۱۷- حضرت عالمسترانغ مع كتني حريشيس مروى بس؟
4000() 2500(2: 2100 ( 2200()
ازد - این از این ایم سے ؟
(5,50 () (5,55 () (5,50 () (5,50 ()
«الا حضرت عُما فُتْنَهُ فِي لِمَا زِجِنازه كس نَ يَطِلِأَنِي ؟
رى الألا) حضرت زيورط ب عضرت عرط جراحضرت الوم يراط
×۱۰ - حضرت عائشہ ﴿ کی اہمیت کی اسے ؟
ل) ووضه ساوله ب مشادی ت قرآن د) فران د از وحبه نبی علی انته علیه سم
x- ارت کی والده کانام نیا تھا؟
المرومان في بازمين في حرارة ملائع الم

جواب لکمیں ارحضرت عائش ہو کی مارے میں چند علے لکمیں
ا حضرت عافشه ١٠٠٠ كرماري مين جندها للعين
نز- آپ کظندان کیار میں چند جلے تھیں ۔ نز- آپ کظندان کیار میں چند جلے تھیں۔
4ª (ib Gur by Jur, en d'is d' [ ] - iii
١١٠ - ١٦ كانكاح حضور صلى الله عليه و مي سوك اوركسي بوا؟
2 - CL N. R. Jan CR JR J. IN

#### **BAHRIA COLLEGE ISLAMABAD**

**WORKSHEETS** 

**MATHEMATICS** 

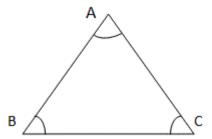
CLASS 7<sup>TH</sup>

**MRS ANSA NAZIR** 

#### Chapter#11: TRIANGLES, QUADRILATERALS AND POLYGONS

#### **SECTION 11.1: TRIANGLES**

**Definition:** A triangle is a closed figure made up of three line segments.

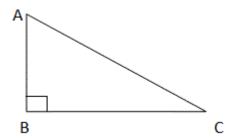


A triangle consists of three line segments and three angles. In the figure above, AB, BC, CA are the three line segments and  $\angle A$ ,  $\angle B$ ,  $\angle C$  are the three angles.

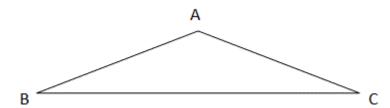
There are three types of triangles based on sides and three based on angles.

#### **Basic properties of triangles**

- The sum of the angles in a triangle is 180°. This is called the angle-sum property.
- The sum of the lengths of any two sides of a triangle is greater than the length of the third side. Similarly, the difference between the lengths of any two sides of a triangle is less than the length of the third side.
- The side opposite to the largest angle is the longest side of the triangle and the side opposite to the smallest angle is the shortest side of the triangle.

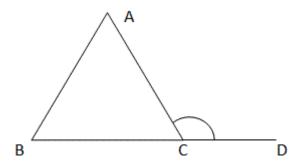


In the figure above,  $\angle B$  is the largest angle and the side opposite to it (hypotenuse), is the largest side of the triangle.



In the figure above,  $\angle A$  is the largest angle and the side opposite to it, BC is the largest side of the triangle.

• An exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of its interior opposite angles. This is called the exterior angle property of a triangle.



Here,  $\angle$ ACD is the exterior angle to the  $\triangle$ ABC.

According to the exterior angle property,  $\angle ACD = \angle CAB + \angle ABC$ .

#### **MCQS**

- 1. How many altitudes can a triangle have?
- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- 2. A ——— connects a vertex of a triangle to the mid-point of the opposite side.
- A. Altitude
- B. Median
- C. Opposite side
- 3. An ———- angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of its interior opposite angles.

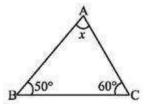
A. Exterior angle B. Interior angle C. Adjacent angle
4. The total measure of the three angles of a triangle is ———
A. 90 B. 180 C. 360
5. If the two angles of a triangle are 50 degree and 70 degree, then the measure of third angle is —————
A. 50 B. 60 C. 70
6. A triangle in which all the three sides are of equal lengths is called an $$
A. Equilateral triangle B. Scalene triangle C. Isosceles triangle
7. A triangle in which two sides are of equal lengths is called an $$
A. Scalene triangle B. Equilateral triangle C. Isosceles triangle
8. The sum of the lengths of any two sides of a triangle is $$ than the third side.
A. greater than B. less than C. equal to
9. In a right angled triangle, the side opposite to the right angle is called the $-\!-\!-\!-\!-$
A. leg B. hypotenuse C. altitude

10. The difference between the lengths of any two sides is ——— than the length of the third side.
A. greater than B. less than C. altitude
11. In a right angled triangle, if one angle is 45 degree then the measure of the third angle is $$
A. 90 B. 45 C. 180
12. In a triangle if all angles are equal, then the measure of each angle is $$
A. 45 B. 60 C. 90
13. If the Pythagoras property holds, the triangle must be $$
A. right angled B. acute angled C. obtuse angled
14. Which is the longest side of a right angle?
A. altitude B. hypotenuse C. legs
15. The perpendicular line segment from a vertex of a triangle to its opposite side is called an $$ of the triangle.
A. altitude B. median C. base

16. One of the angles of a triangle is 120°° and the other two angles are equal. Find the measure of each of the equal angles.

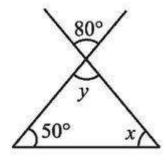
- A. 30°°, 30°°
- B. 40°°, 40°°
- C. 4500, 4500
- D. 50°°, 50°°

17. Find the value of the unknown x in the below figure.



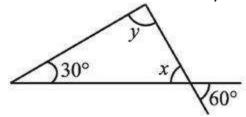
- A. 80°°
- B. 70°°
- C. 65°°
- D. 50 ° °

18. Find the value of x and y in the adjoining figure.



- A. 40°°, 70°°
- B. 48°°, 52°°
- C. 50°°, 60°°
- D. 3000, 8000

19. Find the value of x and y in the below figure.



- A. 70°°, 80°°
- B. 50°°, 120°°
- C. 60°°, 90°°
- D. 40°°, 100°°

20.One of the angles of a triangle is 150°° and the other two angles are equal. Find the measure of each of the equal angles.

- A. 30°°, 30°°
- B. 45°°, 45°°
- C. 1500, 1500
- D. 40°°, 40°°

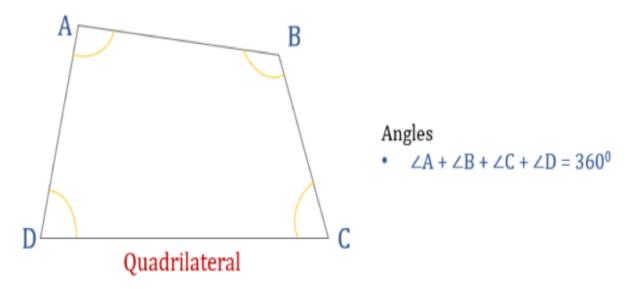
#### **ANSWERS:**

- 1.3
- 2. Median
- 3. Exterior angle
- 4. 180
- 5.60
- 6. Equilateral triangle
- 7. Isosceles triangle
- 8. greater than
- 9. hypotenuse
- 10. less than
- 11.45
- 12.60
- 13. right angled
- 14. Hypotenuse
- 15. Altitude
- 16. 3000, 3000
- 17. 70 •
- 18. 3000, 8000
- 19. 6000, 9000
- 20. 1500, 150

#### **SECTION 11.2:QUDRILATERAL**

The diagram given below shows a quadrilateral ABCD and the sum of its internal angles. All the internal angles sum up to 360°.

Thus,  $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 360^{\circ}$ 



#### **Different types of quadrilaterals**

There are 6 types of quadrilaterals on the basis of their shape. These 6 quadrilaterals are:

- 1. Rectangle
- 2. Square
- 3. Parallelogram
- 4. Rhombus
- 5. Trapezium
- 6. KITE

#### **MCQS**

1. What is the sum of angles of quadrilaterals?

7. Which of the following is not true?I. Every square is a rectangle

II. Every rectangle is a quadrilateral III. Every parallelogram is a trapezium

1. 90 II. 180 III. 360 IV. 270 2. A quadrilateral with only one pair of opposite sides parallel is called: I. Trapezium II. Square III. Rectangle IV. Rhombus **3.** The consecutive angles of a parallelogram are I. Complementary II. Supplementary III. Equal IV. None of these 4. If in a parallelogram its diagonals bisect each other and are equal then it is a, I. Square II. Rectangle III. Rhombus IV. Parallelogram 5. If in a parallelogram its diagonals bisect each other at right angles and are equal, then it is a I. Square II. Rectangle III. Rhombus IV. Parallelogram 6. The quadrilateral formed by joining the mid-points of the sides of a quadrilateral ABCD taken in order is a square only if I. ABCD is a rhombus II. Diagonals of ABCD are equal III. Diagonals of ABCD are equal and perpendicular IV. Diagonals of ABCD are perpendicular

- IV. None of these
- **8.** Which of the following is not true for a parallelogram?
  - I. Diagonals bisect each other
  - II. Opposite sides are equal
  - III. Opposite angles are equal
  - IV. Opposite angles are bisected by the diagonals
- **9.** Which of the following quadrileterals has a pair of opposite sides parallel?
  - (i) rhombus
  - (ii) trapezium
  - (iii) kite
  - (iv) rectangle.
- **10.** Which of the quadrilaterals has all angles as right angles, opposite sides equal and diagonals bisect-each other?
  - (i) rectangle
  - (ii) rhombus
  - (iii) square
  - (iv) none of these.
- 11. Which of the following is true for the adjacent angles of a parallelogram?
  - (i) they are equal to each other
  - (ii) they are complementary angles
  - (iii) they are supplementary angles
  - (iv) none of these.

#### **ANSWERS**

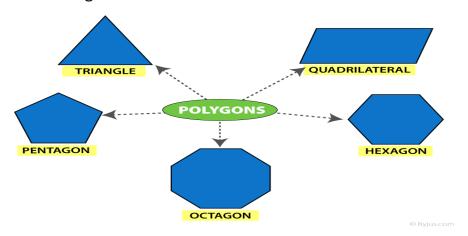
- 1. III
- 2. |
- 3. II
- 4. II
- 5. I
- 6. III
- 7. III
- 8. IV
- 9. II
- 10. l

#### **SECTION 11.3: POLYGONS**

#### Polygon

#### What are Polygons?

- A Polygon is a closed figure made up of lines segments (not curves) in two-dimensions.
- A minimum of three line segments are required for making a closed figure, thus a polygon with a minimum of three sides is known as Triangle.



#### Types of Polygons and their Properties

A two-dimensional shape which is enclosed by a finite number of straight lines joining in the form of a closed-loop is called a **polygon**. The line segments which make the polygon are known as polygon's sides or edges. Whereas the corner or the point where any two sides join is called vertex of the polygon. Now, based on the number of sides and angles, polygons are classified into different types, which we are going to discuss here.

Polygons are classified into various types based on the number of sides and measures of the angles. They are:

- Regular Polygons
- Irregular Polygons
- Concave Polygons
- Convex Polygons

MULTIPLE CHOI	CE QUESTIONS		
1.A simple closed	curve made up of only	is ca	alled a polygon.
(a)curves	(b) line segme	nts (c) lines (d)	closed curves
2. A polygon with I	minimum number of s	ides is	
(a) Pentagor	n (b) Square	(c) triangle	(d) angle
3.Polygons that ha	ve no portions of their	r diagonals in their ex	kteriors are called
(a) Squares	(b) triangles	(c) convex	(d) concave
4. Polygons that ha	ave any portions of the	eir diagonals in their	exteriors
(a) Squares	(b) triangles	(c) convex	(d) concave
5. All the sides of a	regular polygon are _		
(a) Parallel	(b) equal in ler	ngth (c) not parallel	(d) not equal
6 All the angles of	of a regular polygon ar	e of	<del>.</del>
(a) 90 o			
(b) 60 o			
(c) equal me	asure		
(d) equal ler	gth		
7. Sum of all interior	or angles of a polygon	with (n) sides is give	n by
(a) (n - 2 ) :	x 180 o		
(b) n - 2 x	180 o		
(c) (n + 2 )x :	180 o		
(d) n + 2 x 18	30 o		
8. Maximum numb	er of right angles in a	right angled triangle	are
(a) 2	(b) 1 (c) 3	(d) 0	
9.Sum of all interio	or angles of a parallelo	gram is	
(a) 180 o			
(b) 360o			
(c) 540o			

(d) 240o
10. The angle sum of all interior angles of a convex polygon of sides 7 is
(a) 180 o
(b) 540 o
(c) 630 o
(d) 900 o
11. Each exterior angle of a regular hexagon is of measure
(a) 120 o
(b) 80 o
(c)100o
(d) 60 o
12. The number of sides in a regular polygon is 15, then measure of each exteriorangle is
(a) 24o
(b) 36o
(c)20o
(d)18o
13. The measure of each interior angle of a regular polygon is 140o, then number of sides that regular polygon has
(a)15 (b) 12 (c) 9 (d) 10
14. Minimum possible interior angle in a regular polygon is
(a) 70 o (b) 60 o
(c) 90 o
(d)120o
15. Maximum possible exterior angle in a regular polygon is  (a) 70 o
b) 60 o
(c) 90 o
(d)120o

16. How many	16. How many sides does a heptagon have ?					
(a) 2		(b) 4	(c) 7	(d) 5		
17. Name the c	losed figur	e with 4 sides?				
(a) Hexag	gon	(b) Triangle	(c) Pentagor	n (d) Quadrilateral		
18. How many d	liagonals d	loes a regular Hex	agon has ?			
(a)2		(b) 9	(c)3	(d) 5		
		f sides in Hexagor				
(a) 4		(b) 7	(c) 6	(d) 5		
	sum of the	e measures of ang	es of a convex	x quadrilaterals?		
(a) 180						
(b) 90o						
(c) 360o						
(d) 45						
ANSWERS						
71113112113	1. b					
	2. c					
	3. c					
	4. d					
	5. b					
	6. c					
	7. a					
	8. b					
	9. b					
	10.d					
	11.d					
	12.a					
	13.c					
	14.b					
	15.d					
	16.c					
	17.d 18.b					
	19.c					
	20.c					
	20.0					

## **BAHRIA MODEL COLLEGE, E-8, ISLAMABAD.**

### **CLASS: VII**

### **GUIDELINE** (Week -1)

# SUBJECT: SOCIAL STUDIES

# CHAPTER #1: Geography Of The Muslim World.

Q:1-Which are the four main religion in the world? Write their percentage.
→ • See page no 1.
Q:2- In which part of Muslim world have less natural vegetation?
→ See page no-1 last paragraph (line 2, 3, 4)
Q:3- How many countries are there whose Muslims population is more than $50\%$ to $100\%$ ?
→ • See page no-2(info)
Q:4- Which valley of the great rivers produce good farm crops?
→ See page no-3, (2nd paragraph line 4, 5, 6)
Q:5- which are the four continents that have no Islamic stats? Name them.
→• student's task

### **BAHRIA MODEL COLLEGE, E-8, ISLAMABAD.**

### **CLASS: VII**

### **GUIDELINE (Week -2)**

# SUBJECT: SOCIAL STUDIES

## **CHAPTER #2: Climatic regions of the Muslim world**

Q:1-Find out where these deserts are:
a) Sahara. b) Thar C) Dasht-e-Lut d) Kyzyl Kum
→ See page no 4 second paragraph (line 3,4,5,6).
Q:2- Write the advantages and disadvantages of tropical forests and rainforest.
→ See page no-5 topic: Tropical forests (line 1,2)
Advantages: 2nd paragraph(line 3,4,5,6)
Disadvantages: 2nd paragraph(line 6 because of the7,8,9 by insects.)
Q:3- What are the benefits for countries that have temperate grassland? How does this climate affect their products?
→ See page no-7 2nd paragraph (line 1 to 6 then first paragraph line 5 to 9)
Q:4- Write short note on:
A) Mediterranean climate
B)Temperate grassland
→• See page no- 6,7,
Q:5- What is meant by the world "monsoon"
→ See page no-9 (info)

### **BAHRIA MODEL COLLEGE, E-8, ISLAMABAD.**

### **CLASS: VII**

### **GUIDELINE** (Week -3)

# SUBJECT: SOCIAL STUDIES

## **CHAPTER #3: Main agricultural products of the Muslim world**

Q:1-Find out what other products are made from natural rubber?
→ See page no 12 topic: rubber (first paragraph)
Q:2- Where and how was coffee discovered?
→ See page no-13 topic: coffee (first paragraph)
Q:3- Find out what other products are made from natural rubber.
→ • Student's task
Q:4- Which agricultural products do you consider the most important? Give your
reasons.
→ • Student's task
Q:5- Write short note on:
→• i) Wheat ii) Sugar
iii) Rice iv)Cotton

# بحریه ما ڈل کالج ای ایٹ اسلام آباد فرسٹ ٹرم (ورک شیٹ)

جماعت: بفتم

نام: ــــــــ تاريخ ـــــــــــ

سبق نمبرا۔ حمد

سوال: ۔ دُرست جوابات کے گردنشان لگائیں۔

ا۔ ہیں۔۔۔۔وصحرابنائے ہیں کس نے؟

ا۔ میدان ۲۔ بہاڑ سے بیاباں ہے۔ کوہسار

۲۔ سجائے ہیں کس نے۔۔۔۔۔برستارے؟

ا۔ فلک ۲۔ دامن سے دویئے ہے۔ زمین

۳۔ بیر۔۔۔۔۔ک،بیرپی کے ترانے

ا۔ کوک ۲۔ بگابل سے چڑیا ہے۔ بہار

سم۔ میں ہیں کس نے۔۔۔۔۔میں بہاریں؟

ا۔ چمن ۲۔ وطن سے ہوا ہم۔ صحرا

۵۔ یہبل کھاتے دریا۔۔۔۔۔ہیں کس نے؟

ا۔ چلائے ۲۔ بہائے سے دوڑائے ۲۔ بنائے

۲۔ بنائے ہیں کس نے بیموسم ۔۔۔۔۔؟

ا۔ سہائے ۲۔ پیارے سے ہمارے م

```
ے۔ بیر۔۔۔۔میں پُھولوں کی رنگین قطاریں۔
          ا۔ گلشن ۲۔ چین سے جنگل
              ۸۔ بیجا نداور۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ بنائے ہیں کس نے؟
          ا۔ فلک ۲۔ دامن سے دویٹے
 ہے۔ زمین
                        9۔ "حمد" نظم کس نے کھی ہے؟
                         ا۔ حفیظ الرحمٰن غازی
      ۲۔ اساعیل میر تھی
          ہم۔ صوفی تبسم
                          س۔ تاجورنجیب آبادی
                             ا۔ "صحرا" کا ہم معنی لفظہے۔
  سے جنگل ہمے گُل
                         ا۔ ریکستان ۲۔ بیابان
                             اا۔ "آفتاب" کامطلب ہے۔
                          ا۔ سورج ۲۔ جاند
                              ۱۲۔ "فلک" کی جمع ہے۔
                         ا۔ افلاک ۲۔ فلکین
         س۔ فلکیات
                           ۱۳ "ہراس" کامطلب ہوتاہے۔
ہے۔ بے ہوش
              س_ ہوش
                          ا۔ ڈر ۲۔ جوش
                              ۱۲ "چاند" کاہم معنی ہے۔
  س۔ ستارے ہے۔ ہلال
                      ا۔ ماہتاب ۲۔ نجوم
                              10 " گلشن " كامطلب ہے۔
 سر گُل ہے۔ بیاباں
                          ا۔ ریکستان ۲۔ باغ
```

	چررکرین؟	مات کے جوابات سے کہتے ہیں۔	مختضرسواا	سوال:_
		سے کہتے ہیں۔	<u>_</u> "_Z"	_1
تِب شِیجیے جواللہ تعالی نے انسان کوعطا کیں ہیں	ے کی فہرست مر <sup>ن</sup>	"پڙھڪران نعمتوا	نظم"حمر	-r
	ريجي-	کے چندفا <i>کدی</i> تر	سُورج_	_٣

بحربیه ما ڈل کالج ای ایٹ اسلام آباد فرسٹ ٹرم (ورک شیٹ)

جماعت: مضمون: \_ أردو

سبق نمبر١- نعت رُسول مقبول

سوال: درست جوابات کاانتخاب کریں۔

ا انسانیت کا ۔۔۔۔۔انسان کودکھایا؟

ا۔ چہرہ ۲۔ رُتبہ ۳۔ منظر ۲۰ رَستہ

۲۔ وُنیاسنوارنے کے سمجھائے سب۔۔۔۔۔

ا۔ سلقے ۲۔ طریقے سے قرینے ۸۔ وسلے

س۔ عقبی ہوجس سے۔۔۔۔۔۔وہ راز بھی بتایا۔

ا۔ بہتر ۲۔ روشن سے اعلی ہم۔ برتر

۳- جوراسته تهاسيدها -----کوبتايا -

ا۔ اِک ایک ۲۔ ہرایک سے ہرشخص سے ہرفرد

۵۔ ہرآ دمی پیکھولا۔۔۔۔۔کارازاس نے؟

ا۔ کرکت ۲۔ برکت سے شفقت ۲۔ محنت

٢- جو۔۔۔۔۔۔رہے تھے غافل آ کرانہیں جگایا؟

۔ ہو ۲۔ سو <sup>۱۳</sup> کھو ہم۔ رو

```
ا۔ ایمان ۲۔ قُرآن سے توحید ہے۔ اخلاص
             ۸۔ بھو لی ہوئی دُنیا۔۔۔۔۔۔۔خُدا کومحشر
                   ا۔ سے ۲۔ اینے
          س۔ میرے
                          9۔ "توحیر" کامتضادہے۔
            س خالق
                       ا۔ شرک ۲۔ حق
                          •ا۔ "وُنیا" کامتضادہے۔
                  ا۔ آخرت ۲۔ عقبی
           سركائنات
                اا۔ نعتاُس نبی کی جس نے پیغام حق۔۔۔۔۔
 م_ لكھا
           ا۔ دکھایا ۲۔ بتایا سے سایا
                       ۱۲۔ "غافل" کا ہم معنی لفظہے۔
          ۳۔ خبردار
                   ا۔ بےخبر ۲۔ ہوشیار
                      ۱۳ "بزم" کامطلب ہوتا ہے۔
ا۔ محفل ۲۔ انجم سے نشین ہم۔ گیرا
           سما۔ شعرکے آخر میں آنے والے ہم آواز الفاظ کو کہتے ہیں۔
        ا۔ قافیہ ۲۔ ردیف سے ہمنام
        10 ______ المحاون كوجُه كايا
  ا۔ خالق ۲۔ خُدا سے انسان سم۔ نبی ا
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سوال:۔ مختصر سوالات کے جوابات تحریر کریں؟
ا۔ "حمداورنعت" میں کیا فرق ہے۔
٢_ كس كى آمدىيے مشرق اور مغرب جكم گا أُٹھے؟
۳۔نعت کےاشعار میں آنے والے ہم آوازالفاظ (بعنی قافیہ) کی فہرست بنائیں

# بحربیه ما ڈل کالج ای ایٹ اسلام آباد فرسٹ ٹرم (ورک شیٹ)

جماعت: بفتم

سبق نمبرسا۔ دیہاتی اور شہری زندگی کا فرق

سوال: درست جوابات كاانتخاب كريں۔

ا۔ احداین والدین کے ساتھ۔۔۔۔۔۔میں رہتاہے؟

ا۔ لاہور ۲۔ کراچی سے اسلام آباد سم۔ بیثاور

۲۔ سڑک کے دونوں جانب۔۔۔۔۔۔۔کے ہرے بھرے کھیت تھے۔

ا۔ دَھان ۲۔ گندم سے کیاس مہ گنے

س۔ ۔۔۔۔۔کی آوازسُن کراُ نھوں نے مسجد کا رُخ کیا۔

ا۔ امی ۲۔ دادا سے اذان سمہ تلاوت

سم۔ دیہاتی لوگ۔۔۔۔۔خوراک کھاتے ہیں۔

ا۔ سادہ ۲۔مُرغن سے خالِص سے ناخالِص

۵۔ دیہات کے لوگ زیادہ تر۔۔۔۔۔کرتے ہیں؟

ا۔ کھیتی باڑی ۲۔ ملازمت سے آرام سم۔ کام

۲۔ ۔۔۔۔۔۔ میں کاروبار کے مواقع کم ہوتے ہیں۔

ا۔ دیبات ۲۔ شہر سے مُلک سے بیرون مُلک

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ے۔ شہری کی زندگی بُہت ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ے۔
       ا۔ تیز ۲۔ سادہ سے پُرتکلف سم۔ آہستہ
                               ۸۔ "دُوبھر" کا مطلب ہوتا ہے۔
     ا۔ مُشکل ۲۔ آسان سے آسان تر ہم۔ تکلیف دہ
    9۔      وہ الفاظ جن کا إملامختلف ہوگر آواز ایک جیسی ہو۔۔۔۔۔الفاظ کہلاتے ہیں۔
       ا۔ ہمآواز ۲۔ ہم نام سے متشابہ ہم۔ متضاد
                                •ا۔ لفظ"موقع" کی جمع ہوتاہے۔
      ا۔ مواقع ۲۔ مواقعات ۳۔ موقع ۴۔ امواقع
                                        اا۔ جملہ ڈرست کریں
                    ا۔ شورنہ کرو ۲۔ شورنہ ڈالو
         س۔ شورنہ مجاؤ
                                ۱۲۔ "نقل مکانی" کا مطلب ہوتا ہے۔
                             ا۔ مکان تبدیل کرنا
               ۲۔ جگہ تبدیل کرنا
                 الم المجرت كرنا
                               ۳۔ اپنی جگہ چھوڑنا
                                  القط" آلہ" کی جمع ہے۔
      ا۔ آلے ۲۔ آلات سے آلوں سے آلات
                     ۱۳ شهرانسانوں کے۔۔۔۔۔ہوتے ہیں۔
        ا۔ دریا ۲۔ گھر سے سمندر ہے۔ مرکز
10۔ اگردیہات میں کارخانے لگادیئے جائیں تو کوئی آ دمی گاؤں چھوڑ کر۔۔۔رُخ نہ کرے۔
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ا۔ شہر ۲۔ کھیت سے گاؤں سے قصبہ

		سوال:۔ مختصر سوالات کے ا۔ احمد اوراُس کے گھر
	یامطلب ہے؟	۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ ۳۔ بڑے شہروں میں آلود گی کا کہ
ں نظمیہا شعار لکھے ہیں؟	۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ ہم سبق کے آخر میں کس شاعر ۔
		۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔
جلدی همه دیهاتی روشنی ۸ تیز	۲۔ فارغ سے	ا۔ مہمان ۵۔ تازہ

رفع رباء عنول الرود نظ وفنط - درست جواب ما انتخاب کیا ا الرو المال كالفطال المال كالمال المال كالمال كالم الموس الموس

ع - بيم آواز الغاظ كوكما كية مين ا بيم قافند بر بيم رويف . ۱ بير ميو د برا في حان والح لفظ واللها ا ، ودين بز متشابر س ٠٠ - د سبزه کا سراوف ہے - ٩ ا بیرا یا بینا و سر شب ا میار م کا شفنا و سے ا فوشی ۲ نسانز - فزاں

معنون الدو ناعکن سے ممکن کاسفر ناعکن سے ممکن کاسفر ۱۱. برابر ۲. ترمازه بینین ۱۱. بیرانی جباز فربدن س کامادی ظاہری ب ۱۱. انفلنڈانی مینی ۲۰ مزانسیسی مینی ۲۳ . امریکی مینی

منون الاد منون الاد آئی باک ن کی سیر کردن - Ch / 1/2/16/19 Cm ا. بازدن بر دربادی سر فرزی وسائل از برازدن بر دربادی سائل از در برازدن برازد برازدن ب ا فای دله ا ساخه دای سر سرلاله ۲ بر مشان کی رزس کس و می سی بورس ا ۱ به معلی رزس کس و می سی سر . کهانون ۱ به معلی بردس کس و می سی سر . کهانون المراب ا ا - سال تفعیر بس سے میال اور میال اور میال اور میال اور میال کا متعنا دینیا کیا ہے ؟

ال فوش حالی کا متعنا دینیا کیا ہے ؟

ال نوخیز ۲ ، ترقی س س برحالی ا

عول الدو نع - بره ولا - درست جوب کارنتی برس -ا. حدى غلا عنى سى كما تراد بى ؟

ا. حلدى غلا على على بين ؟

ا. حدى على تو كمانى على بين ؟

ا. عنواس على مخابر سى مو منول سى المنواق على ما مخابر سى مو منول سى المناق على مناول سى المناق على مناول سى المناق على المناق على المناق المناق على المناق المناق على المناق المناق على المناق ا س نه سه الم المال الم 1. Les Y Est -1 ا. رقوع مرسی از می مسلفانی خال سی به سانی استانی مسانی مسان

عون الدو كسان كى دنائى - درست جوب كا انتخاب كرين -١- المال كيال كام كريالها ؟ ا . راستے س بر کھرت س سر ۔ گھرس ا . راستے س بر کھرت س سر ۔ گھرس ا . کسان کنے کرنے کوالمنا کھا ؟ ا . حارات نے کرنے کی شن معنیا کھا ؟ ا . دوائے علی شن مونیا کھا ؟ ا . دوائے علی شن کرنے سن مونیا کھا ؟ ا . دوائے کے بار شن کو کرنے سا مفال ا . زیر ک ب ب موالاک سب مفال ا . زیر ک ب ب موالاک سب مفال ا . رسو سر سے سنی ار کی فیال مانٹس ؟ ا . رسو سر ب بی سی ار کی فیال مانٹس ؟ ا . رسو سر ب بی سی ار کی فیال مانٹس ؟ ا . گناه ب کر دوسو سل بی میں سو ا . گناه بی کر دوسو سل بی میں سو ا . گناه بی کر معنی کہا ہیں ؟